



PATIENT

Neely Graham

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Labradoodle

SEX

Female Spayed

AGE

5 years

WEIGHT

97lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Maggie Machen
Lamy, DVM
DACVIM (Cardiology)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Pamela Harrigan,
RDCS

HOSPITAL NAME

Norfolk County
Veterinary Service

REFERRING VET

Dr. Poor

INVOICE

29202

DATE

2/23/23

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Grade III/VI systolic murmur. Newly diagnosed hypothyroidism, managed on thyrotabs, good appetite. BP: 160, 168, 168mmHg. *Sedated with Torb/Alfaxalone.

ECHOCARDIOGRAM FINDINGS

2D, m-mode, color flow and Doppler imaging is available.

Left ventricle: The LV diameter is normal with adequate myocardial function. LV wall thicknesses are normal.

Left atrium: The left atrium is normal in dimension.

Mitral valve: The mitral valve is normal with no prolapse into the left atrial lumen. Trivial central mitral regurgitation.

Aortic valve/aorta: The aortic valve is normal in morphology and mobility. Mildly elevated aortic outflow velocity; laminar flow. No aortic insufficiency.

Right ventricle: Normal right ventricular diameter and morphology indicating no overt evidence of pulmonary arterial hypertension.

Right atrium: Normal RA dimension.

Tricuspid valve: The tricuspid valve appears normal with no tricuspid regurgitation.

Pulmonic valve/pulmonary artery: The pulmonic valve is normal in morphology and mobility. No pulmonic insufficiency. Normal RVOT velocity; laminar flow.

Pericardium/other: No pericardial or pleural effusion noted. No obvious cardiac masses.

Heart rhythm: ECG reveals a sinus rhythm with an average HR of 90bpm.

2-Dimensional Measurements

Ao diam (cm)	2.6
LA diam (cm)	3.2
LA:Ao (Swe)	1.2
IVS thickness (cm)	0.9
LVID diastole (cm)	4.8
PW thickness (cm)	0.9
LVID systole (cm)	3.4
FS (%)	29

Doppler Measurements

PV Vmax (m/s)	0.9
AoV Vmax (m/s)	2.0
MR Vmax (m/s)	NA
TR Vmax (m/s)	NA
TR PG (mmHg)	NA

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS

The only cause of a murmur identified is mildly increased flow velocity through the LVOT/aortic root. No obvious subaortic ridge or valvular abnormalities are visualized, and in the absence of structural abnormalities this is considered a benign flow murmur. If this is a new murmur, it is reasonable to monitor periodically via recheck echocardiography in the future. Additionally, screening for fluid status abnormalities (dehydration, anemia, etc.) is recommended through routine lab work as these abnormalities would make this finding more prevalent. No significant valvular insufficiencies were noted, and no structural issues identified.

Prognosis is good.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- No cardiac medications are indicated.
- Baseline lab work recommended if not recently performed.
- No cardiac contraindication for general anesthesia.



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- Monitor for development of a cough, labored breathing, exercise intolerance or collapse episodes.

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PLAN

Recommend recheck echocardiogram in 12-18 months to screen for progression or development of concurrent cardiac disease that the preexisting murmur may mask.

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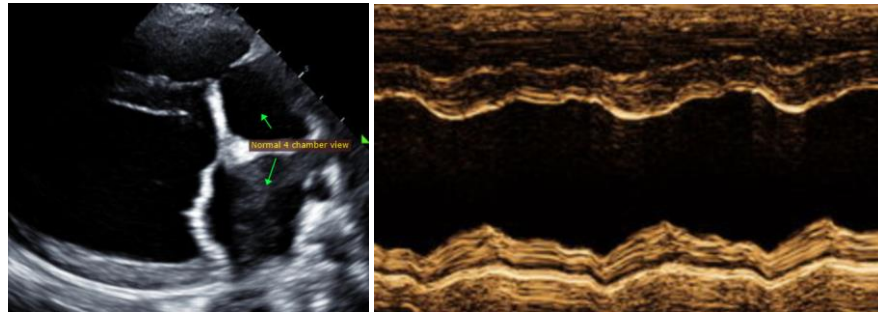
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IMAGES



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

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97lbs

Thank you for this referral. This report was generated using transcription software, and minor dictation errors may be present. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

INTERPRETED BY

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IMAGING PERFORMED BY

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 RDCS

Echocardiogram performed by: Pamela Harrigan, RDCS
 Pet Animal Ultrasound Service (4paus.com)

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